## **REMARKS/ARGUMENTS**

Favorable reconsideration of this application as currently amended and in light of the following discussion is respectfully requested.

Claims 1-24 are pending in the present application with Claims 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, and 16-24 withdrawn from consideration. Claims 1, 9, 11, 13, and 15 are amended by the present response.

In the outstanding Office Action, Claims 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, and 15 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 102(e) as anticipated by <u>Imai et al.</u> (Japanese Patent Application Publication No. 2002-289810, herein "<u>Imai</u>"), which is respectfully traversed for the following reasons.

Independent Claim 1 has been amended to recite a capacitor and that an adhesive layer includes a flat metal carbide film. The claim amendments find support in Figure 11 and in its corresponding description in the specification. No new matter has been added.

Briefly recapitulating, amended Claim 1 is directed to a semiconductor device that includes a semiconductor substrate, a conductive plug electrically connected to the semiconductor substrate and including Si, a flat electrically conductive silicon carbide film provided on the conductive plug, a capacitor, and an adhesive layer. The capacitor includes a lower flat electrode, a dielectric film on the lower flat electrode, and an upper electrode on the dielectric film. The lower flat electrode includes a noble metal and is provided above the silicon carbide film. The adhesive layer is provided between the silicon carbide film and the lower flat electrode and the adhesive layer includes a flat metal carbide film configured to adhere the silicon carbide film and the lower flat electrode.

In a non-limiting example, Figure 11 shows the conductive plug 20, the silicon carbide film 21, the adhesive layer 22, the lower electrode 23 and 24, the dielectric film 25, and the upper electrode 27.

Turning to the applied art, <u>Imai</u> shows in Figure 1 a semiconductor device having a plug 116, a protective coat 117, a lower electrode 118, a dielectric film 119, and an upper electrode 120. For a better illustration of the differences between the claimed invention and the device of <u>Imai</u>, the enclosed Reference Figure is used.

As can be seen in the Reference Figure, the device of Claim 1 illustrated in the left side of the figure is different from the device of <u>Imai</u> illustrated in the right side of the figure because the device of <u>Imai</u> lacks an adhesive layer.

It is noted that the outstanding Office Action asserts with regard to <u>Imai</u> that layer 100 corresponds to the claimed semiconductor substrate, layer 116 corresponds to the conductive plug, layer 117 corresponds to claimed flat electrically conductive silicon carbide film, layer 120 corresponds to the claimed flat electrode, and layer 118 corresponds to claimed adhesive layer.

However, <u>Imai</u> does not teach or suggest the claimed adhesive layer because layer 120 of <u>Imai</u> corresponds to the claimed upper electrode and layer 118 of <u>Imai</u> corresponds to the claimed lower electrode (see the Reference Figure).

The outstanding Office Action states at page 3, lines 14-16, that <u>Imai</u> discloses in paragraph [0044], lines 1-5, that the lower electrode 118 has a flat metal carbide film. However, section [0044] of <u>Imai</u> does not disclose a metal carbide layer but only noblemetals such as platinum, ruthenium or iridium as materials of the lower electrode 118.

Section [0065] of <u>Imai</u> teaches that no failures occur in the oxygen-atmosphere for heat treatment of a capacitor during a production process because the lower electrode 118

does not react with the silicon carbide film. Also, section [0078] of <u>Imai</u> discloses that a reactivity between the silicon carbide and a metallic material is generally low, and mainly two kinds of reactions (stated in the next paragraph of <u>Imai</u>) may occur depending on the metallic material. Moreover, section [0080] of <u>Imai</u> teaches that platinum, ruthenium and iridium (mentioned in the specification) do not react with the silicon carbide.

Based on the generic chemical reactions noted in <u>Imai</u>, the outstanding Office Action asserts that inherently a metal (platinum, ruthenium and iridium) of the lower electrode 118 of <u>Imai</u> reacts with the silicon carbide film 117 to form an adhesive layer. However, the outstanding Office Action disregards the teachings of <u>Imai</u> that the metals of the lower electrode 118 do not react with the silicone carbide film 117.

Therefore, Applicants respectfully submit that the lower electrode 118 of <u>Imai</u> is made of a material which does not cause the reaction stated in section [0080] of <u>Imai</u>.

Because of this property of the lower electrode of <u>Imai</u>, the device of <u>Imai</u> prevents failures which can occur in the oxygen-atmosphere during the heat treatment, which is the goal of <u>Imai</u>.

In light of the above comments, Applicants respectfully submit that no reactions are caused between the lower electrode 118 and the silicon carbide film (protective coat) 117 in Imai, and thus, an adhesive layer is not formed in Imai between the lower electrode 18 and the silicon carbide film 117 as required by Claim 1.

Accordingly, it is respectfully submitted that independent Claim 1 and each of the claims depending therefrom patentably distinguish over <u>Imai</u>.

Application No. 10/678,061 Reply to Office Action of February 23, 2006

Consequently, in light of the above discussion and in view of the present amendment, the present application is believed to be in condition for allowance and an early and favorable action to that effect is respectfully requested.

Respectfully submitted,

OBLON, SPIVAK, McCLELLAND, MAIER & NEUSTADT, P.C.

Customer Number 22850

Tel: (703) 413-3000 Fax: (703) 413 -2220 (OSMMN 06/04)

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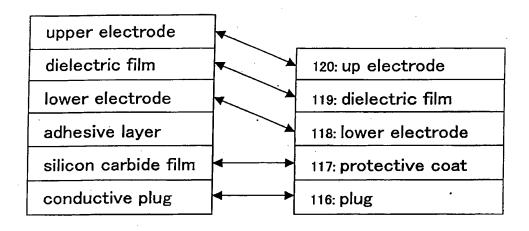
Eckhard H. Kuesters Attorney of Record Registration No. 28,870 Remus F. Fetea, Ph.D.

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## **ATTACHMENT**

Serial No. 10/678,061



claim 1

Imai et al. (Fig. 1)

Reference Figure